Why Make the Switch? Evidence about the Benefits of CMMI®

Dennis R. Goldenson
Diane L. Gibson
Robert W. Ferguson

SEPG 2004

Sponsored by the U.S. Department of Defense
© 2004 by Carnegie Mellon University
Agenda

Objectives, recent and current work
Research on CMMI® Impact
Characterizing Impacts
Benefits of CMMI-based Process Improvement
Recently reported CMMI and CMM® results
Proposed future directions
Overall Objectives

Provide credible, objective evidence about organizations’ experiences with CMMI based process improvement.

Focus:
- Impact and value added
- Investment and costs incurred
- Conditions of successful adoption, transition, and documented improvement
- Pitfalls and obstacles to successful adoption and use

Conduct objective studies that inform the development and evolution of the CMMI product suite
Recent & Current Work

Collaborative case studies
- Early adopters with credible quantitative evidence of impact and benefits of CMMI
- Selected supplementary evidence

SEI Special Report
- *Demonstrating the Impact and Benefits of CMMI®: An Update and Preliminary Results*
- Based on case studies, supplementary materials, and comprehensive literature review

Track at 3rd Annual CMMI Technology Conference and User Group
- 14 case study presentations & keystone summary presentation
- Roundtable panel with discussion of next steps
# Organizations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CMMI Conference Presenters</th>
<th>Others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accenture</td>
<td>Boeing Ltd, Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMS Information Services, Inc.</td>
<td>Bosch Gasoline Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harris Corporation</td>
<td>Fort Sill Fire Support Software Engineering Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lockheed Martin Management and Data Systems</td>
<td>General Motors Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lockheed Martin Systems Integration</td>
<td>Sanchez Computer Associates, Inc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motorola Global Software Group, India</td>
<td>Thales Air Traffic Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northrop Grumman Defense Enterprise Systems</td>
<td>Thales Research &amp; Technology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raytheon North Texas Software Engineering</td>
<td>Thales Training &amp; Simulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Siemens Information Systems Ltd, India</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Plus 2 Anonymous
Research on CMMI Impact

Objectives, recent and current work
Research on CMMI® Impact
Characterizing Impacts
Benefits of CMMI-based Process Improvement
Recently reported CMMI and CMM® results
Proposed future directions
Why Do We Need Objective Evidence?

Increasing numbers of organizations are considering using CMMI models.

Trustworthy evidence is essential for:

- Addressing skepticism about model-based process improvement in general
- Demonstrating the value of CMMI over its source models
- Building commitment and obtaining resources within an organization
- Enhancing ongoing quantitative management
- Providing input for improving organizational processes and technologies
- Comparing results with those of comparable organizations
What is Legitimate Evidence of Impact?

Evidence based on:

- New processes or changes to existing processes due to CMMI
- Broadened organizational scope across disciplines
  - Especially for software intensive systems
- Process changes that are consistent with, but predate, CMMI
  - Especially in organizations appraised early at higher CMMI maturity levels
- Recent evidence based on the SW-CMM
  - Much of the same content is present in CMMI models
  - And, such evidence can be compelling to skeptics about any CMM-based process improvement
Generalizability

Case studies

• Offer a great deal of valuable detail and context
• Provide lessons learned which can be used to guide future improvement efforts
• Demonstrate what can happen under the right organizational and technical circumstances

• However, results from individual case studies cannot be generalized

Our task is to design studies that better reflect the experiences of the wider CMMI community
Characterizing Impacts

Objectives, recent and current work
Research on CMMI® Impact
Characterizing Impacts
Benefits of CMMI-based Process Improvement
Recently reported CMMI and CMM® results
Proposed future directions
Impacts: Costs and Benefits of CMMI

COSTS
• Investments
• Expenses

Process Capability & Organizational Maturity

ROI & Cost-Benefit

BENEFITS
• Process Adherence
• Cost
• Schedule
• Productivity
• Quality
• Customer Satisfaction
Seven Kinds of Performance Measures

From the previous set, we found examples of 7 different categories of performance measures

- Process Adherence
- Cost
- Schedule
- Productivity
- Quality
- Customer Satisfaction
- Return on Investment
Impact of CMMI-Based Process Improvement

Objectives and review current work
Research on CMMI® Impact
Characterizing Impacts
Impact of CMMI-based Process Improvement
Recently reported CMMI and CMM® results
Proposed future directions
Impact: Process Adherence and Cost of Quality

- Work product completion improved dramatically (CMS Information Services, Inc.)
- Exceeded goal for reduction in cost of poor quality (Motorola Global Software Group, India)
- Improved adherence to quantitative management practices (Raytheon North Texas Software Engineering)
- Reduced cost of poor quality from over 45 percent to under 30 percent (Siemens Information Systems Ltd, India)
- Used Measurement and Analysis to significantly reduce the cost of quality in one year (reported under non disclosure)
Impact: Cost

• 33 percent decrease in the average cost to fix a defect (Boeing, Australia)

• 20 percent reduction in unit software costs (Lockheed Martin Management and Data Systems)

• 15 percent decrease in defect find and fix costs (Lockheed Martin Management and Data Systems)

• 4.5 percent decline in overhead rate (Lockheed Martin Management and Data Systems)

• Improved and stabilized Cost Performance Index (Northrop Grumman Defense Enterprise Systems)
Impact: Cost

- Increased accuracy in cost estimation (Raytheon North Texas Software Engineering)

- 5 percent improvement in average cost performance index with a decline in variation (Raytheon North Texas Software Engineering)
  - As the organization improved from SW-CMM level 4 to CMMI level 5

- $2.1 Million in savings in hardware engineering processes (reported under non disclosure)
Impact: Schedule

- 50% reduction in release turn around time (Boeing, Australia)
- 60 percent reduction in work and fewer outstanding actions following pre-test and post-test audits (Boeing, Australia)
- Increased the percentage of milestones met from approximately 50 percent to approximately 95 percent (General Motors)
- Decreased the average number of days late from approximately 50 to fewer than 10 (General Motors)
- Increased through-put resulting in more releases per year (JP Morgan Chase)
Impact: Schedule\textsubscript{2}

- Improved and stabilized Schedule Performance Index (Northrop Grumman Defense Enterprise Systems)

- Met every milestone (25 in a row) on time, with high quality and customer satisfaction (Northrop Grumman Defense Enterprise Systems)

- Reduced variation in schedule performance index (Raytheon North Texas Software Engineering)

- Reduced schedule variance over 20 percent (reported under non disclosure)

- Achieved 95 percent on time delivery (reported under non disclosure)
Impact: Productivity

- Improved productivity substantially, with “significantly more rigorous engineering practices” due to CMMI (Fort Sill Fire Support Software Engineering Center)

- Increased productivity after adoption of CMMI (Harris Corporation)

- 30 percent increase in software productivity (Lockheed Martin Management and Data Systems)

- Improved software productivity (including reuse) from approximately 80 percent in 1992 baseline to over 140 percent at CMMI ML 5 (Lockheed Martin Systems Integration)

- 25 percent productivity improvement in 3 years (Siemens Information Systems Ltd, India)

- 11 percent increase in productivity, corresponding to $4.4M in additional value (reported under non disclosure)
Impact: Quality

• Reduced software defects substantially, with “significantly more rigorous engineering practices” due to CMMI (Fort Sill Fire Support Software Engineering Center)

• Substantial decrease in code defects after adoption of CMMI (Harris Corporation)

• Reduced software-defects-per-million-delivered-SLOC by over 50 percent compared to defects prior to CMMI (Lockheed Martin Systems Integration)

• Reduced defect rate at CMMI ML5 approximately one third compared to performance at SW-CMM ML5 (Lockheed Martin Maritime Systems & Sensors – Undersea Systems)

• Met goal of 20 +/- 5 defects per KLOC (Northrop
Impact: Quality$_2$

• Only 2 percent of all defects found in the fielded system (Northrop Grumman Defense Enterprise Systems)

• Reduced identified defects from 6.6 per KLOC to 2.1 over 5 causal analysis cycles (Northrop Grumman Defense Enterprise Systems)

• Increased focus on quality by developers (Northrop Grumman Defense Enterprise Systems)

• Improved defect removal before test from 50 percent to 70 percent, leaving 0.35 post release defects per KLOC (Siemens Information Systems Ltd, India)

• 44 percent defect reduction following causal analysis cycle at maturity level 2 (reported under non
Impact: Customer Satisfaction

• Increased award fees by 55 percent compared to an earlier SW-CMM baseline at maturity level 2 (Lockheed Martin Management and Data Systems)

• Received more than 98 percent of possible customer award fees (Northrop Grumman Defense Enterprise Systems)

• Earned a rating of “Exceptional” in every applicable category on their Contractor Performance Evaluation Survey (Northrop Grumman Defense Enterprise Systems)

• Improved average customer satisfaction rating 10 percent (Siemens Information Systems Ltd, India)
Impact: Return on Investment

- 5:1 ROI for quality activities (Accenture)
- 13:1 ROI calculated as defects avoided per hour spent in training and defect prevention (Northrop Grumman Defense Enterprise Systems)
- Avoided $3.72M in costs due to better cost performance (Raytheon North Texas Software Engineering)
  - As the organization improved from SW-CMM level 4 to CMMI level 5
- 2:1 ROI over 3 years (Siemens Information Systems Ltd, India)
- Processes for earlier defect detection, improved risk management, and better project control implemented after showing positive return on investment during pilot (Thales TT&S)
- 2.5:1 ROI over 1st year, with benefits amortized over less
Recently Report CMMI & CMM Results

Objectives, recent and current work
Research on CMMI® Impact
Characterizing Impacts
Benefits of CMMI-based Process Improvement
Recently reported CMMI and CMM® results
Proposed future directions
Selected CMMI Results
Lockheed Martin M&DS


Results

- captured a greater percentage of available award fees, now receiving 55 percent more compared to the baseline that remained unrealized at SW-CMM level 2

1996 - 2002

- Increased software productivity by 30%
- Decreased unit software cost by 20%
- Decreased defect find and fix costs by 15%

Improvements in:

- Customer satisfaction
- Productivity
- Product cost

Proprietary sources with permission; August 2003.
Northrop Grumman IT-1
Defect prevention using PSP and CAR at CMMI ML5

Improvements in:

Quality

Northrop Grumman IT-2

Appraised at CMMI ML 5 in December 2002

Results
• met 25+ milestones in a row
• earned a rating of “Exceptional” in every applicable category on a formal Contractor Performance Evaluation Survey

• Hours Invested: 124 in Defect Prevention (CAR)
• Hours saved: 1650 hours (15 hours per defect)
• ROI: 13:1

Improvements in:

Schedule / cycle time
Customer satisfaction
Quality
Cost of quality / ROI

Integrating PSP® and CMMI® Level 5. Gabriel Hoffman, Northrop Grumman IT. May 1, 2003
Accenture
Transition SW-CMM to CMMI ML 3
• May 2001 to May 2002
• Transition Time: 1149 person hours

Key Content
Measurement and Analysis
  DAR, TS, RM, Change Control
IPPD, visions, OEI
Generic Goals

Results
• ROI: 5:1 (for quality activities)

Innovation Delivered. CMMI® Level 3 in a Large Multi-Disciplinary Services Organization. Bengzon, SEPG 2003
General Motors Corporation

CMMI focus 2001
Goal is Integration of Supplier Work and GM Project Execution

Results:
• Improved schedule – projects met milestones and were fewer days late

Improvements in:
Schedule / cycle time

Boeing Ltd, Australia

Making transition to CMMI from SW-CMM and EIA 731; early CMMI pilot in Australia

RESULTS on One Project

• 33% decrease in the average cost to fix a defect
• Turnaround time for releases cut in half
• 60% reduction in work from Pre-Test and Post-Test Audits; passed with few outstanding actions

• Increased focus on product quality
• Increased focus on eliminating defects
• Developers seeking improvement opportunities

In Processes is there a Pay-Off? Tony Stevenson, Boeing Australia, Software Engineering Australia 2003 conference.
Thales ATM

**CMMI** Level 4 helps THALES meet their business objectives.
- Ability to see into the future with a known level of confidence
- Increasing number of processes under statistical control
- Measurement based process improvement

**Improvements in:**

**Quality**

**Predictability**

**Return on investment due to**
- earlier defect detection
- improved risk management
- better control of projects

*CMMI® Level 4 Preparation: The Story of the Chicken and the Egg. Anne De Goeyse and Anne Sophie Luce, Thales ATM; and Annie Kuntzmann-Combelles, Q-Labs France, ESEPG 2003.*
Thales Training & Simulation

- Began process improvement with SW-CMM in 1992; Level 3 achieved in 1996
- Refocused on CMMI to broaden effort to systems engineering

- Lessons Learned:
  - quarterly internal “CBA IPI like” assessments measure progress and help avoid regression
  - experience gained during implementation of SW-CMM was a key factor in CMMI success
  - data collected on software has shown decreases in project cost and schedule variances as maturity increased

Improvements in:

Recent CMM® (& CMMI) Results
Thales Research & Technology

CMM data from another Thales Unit used by Thales Research & Technology as part of rationale to begin PI with CMMI.

Improvements in:

- Product cost
- Schedule / cycle time
- Quality
- Customer satisfaction

Bosch Gasoline Systems

CMM based improvements

- **Predictability** -- Internal On-Time Delivery improved by 15%
- **Less Rework** – first pass yield improved by 10%
- **Product Quality** – reduction in error cases in the factory by one order of magnitude

Next Steps include

- Move to CMMI and applying it to software, system and hardware
- Expand process improvement program to include sales, hardware and component development

Sanchez Computer Associates, Inc.

**CMM** Level 1 to Level 3 in 15 months. 6 Months later,
- saved $2 million in first 6 months, most through early detection and removal of defects

In addition,
- improved quality of code
- robust training program
- applicability of process outside of software programming

J.P. Morgan Chase & Co

1st CMM success 2001
today, 28 teams at CMM Level 2
CMMI success – 1st team ML3 in 2003

Investment in PI = $4 million

Results:
• Improved predictability of delivery schedule
• Reduction of post-release defects
• Reduced severity of post-release defects

And, from CMMI specifically
• Increased through-put = more releases per year

Goal to achieve CMMI throughout organization

With permission from presentation to the SEI, September 2003.
Proposed Future Directions

Objectives, recent and current work
Research on CMMI® Impact
Characterizing Impacts
Benefits of CMMI-based Process Improvement
Recently reported CMMI and CMM® results
Proposed future directions
Proposed for FY2004 and Beyond

Impact and benefits of systems engineering
- Processes with heritage in EIA 731 and precursors
- Organizational integration

Additional case studies
- In-depth collaboration with the SEI
- Self reported via the SEIR

Broadly based studies
- State-of-the-practice surveys of CMMI impact and transition
- Analyses using existing commercial databases
- Community benchmarking of process and performance
Proposed for FY2004 and Beyond

Related studies
- Research and development on costs and benefits of CMMI appraisal methods
- Guidance on calculating cost-benefit, cost effectiveness, ROI, and cost of quality
- CMMI adoption and impact in small and medium enterprises

Decision support
- Proactive guidance for Decision Analysis and Resolution
- Combining computer modeling and simulation with empirical results
- Validating predictions empirically

Guidance on using measurement effectively
Technical Report, conference presentations and journal articles
Contact Information

For more information or to discuss participation, contact:

Dennis R. Goldenson
dg@sei.cmu.edu

Diane L. Gibson
dlg@sei.cmu.edu

Robert W. Ferguson
rwf@sei.cmu.edu
Software Engineering Institute
Pittsburgh, PA  15213